

FORCING HAND  
OF UNCLE SAM

A Great European Power  
Wants to Know What  
About Mexico

POLITE INQUIRY  
TO SEC. BRYAN

Apparently This Is Part of  
Concerted Move in  
Europe

Washington, D. C., July 15.—Already one of the great European powers, through its diplomatic representatives here, has called the attention of Secretary Bryan to the chaotic conditions in Mexico and the effect upon the welfare and safety of its citizens there, with the polite inquiry what the United States proposes to do about it.

Whether the inquiry was part of a concerted movement of the European powers to bring the state department to declaration of its purposes toward Mexico did not develop to-day. Reports from the City of Mexico, however, would appear to warrant that condition.

## IT IS GREAT BRITAIN.

That Is Back of the Movement in the  
Mexico Affair.

London, July 15.—It was officially stated here to-day that the statement from Mexico City regarding representations made to their respective governments by European diplomats there on the subject of the position taken by the United States toward Mexico is correct. The British foreign office, however, declined to discuss the matter on the ground that it is too delicate.

## FIGHT TO EXHAUSTION.

Is the Only Hope of Settling the Balkan  
Trouble.

London, July 15.—That the Balkan struggle will end by a process of mutual exhaustion seems the only hope that Sir Edward Grey, the British foreign secretary, is able to hold out. In a statement in the House of Commons last night he said that mere words were not likely to affect the situation and it would be most difficult for the European powers to resort to force to impose peace.

Neither Serbia nor Greece has paid any attention to Russia's proposal that they cease hostilities. They appear determined to negotiate peace with Bulgaria only on the field, without intervention by any third party and unless Bulgaria proves amenable, it is believed that an advance will be made upon Sofia to enforce acceptance of the Serbia-Greece terms.

Serious fighting for the time being is suspended, but the advance of the Turkish and Roumanian troops continues without opposition. A Belgrade report says that the Serbians on Sunday captured an important position eight miles west of Kustendil.

According to the Athens correspondent of the Daily Telegraph, Greece and Serbia signed a secret treaty last May, binding them to prosecute a war, which was then foreseen, with Bulgaria until the Bulgars acquiesced in the territorial arrangements laid down in the treaty. By these arrangements the eastern boundaries of Greece would be extended to the Mesta river, considerably to the east of Drama, and Serbia would have access to the Aegean sea at two points.

Sofia, July 15.—It is confirmed that General Ivanoff has effected a splendid retreat. Semi-official statements have been issued, accusing the Greeks of setting fire to the town of Seres and declaring that the Bulgarians attempted to get the fire under control. Other statements charge the Greeks with wholesale massacres and atrocities at Seres and elsewhere in Macedonia.

BRYAN'S LIGHT EXPENSE BILL.  
He Charges the Government Only About  
Half the Actual Cost of His Official  
Expenditures.

Washington, July 15.—Secretary of State Bryan has laid down a very rigid rule for accounting for his personal expenses incurred while on the business of the government. On his recent trip to California, when he was accompanied by his secretary and remained away fifteen days, Mr. Bryan turned in a bill for both of \$181, this sum representing his total expenditure outside railway and Pullman fares, which were separately itemized. For example, Mr. Bryan charged the government only \$1 a meal on the dining car no matter how much the meal might have actually cost. This \$181, moreover, covered not only hotel and cab expenses and tips to waiters, but even the telephone to the president, which the secretary of state might as well have charged. As a matter of fact, the trip cost Mr. Bryan out of his own pocket a sum equal to that he called upon the government to pay.

It is learned that Secretary Bryan has charged the government nothing on accounts of official dinners given by him at his house to members of the diplomatic corps, even the elaborate dinner to Dr. Lauro Muller, the Brazilian minister of foreign affairs, having been paid by him out of his own pocket. It is understood that because of these methods, Secretary Bryan is living at the rate of about \$20,000 a year, while his salary as secretary of state is only \$12,000. He has given away part of his private fortune to his children, and he maintains expensive properties in Nebraska, Texas and Florida. Friends of Mr. Bryan point out that while it is true that occasionally he jumps out of town to deliver lectures, his absences are not to be compared with those of his predecessors, who often remained away from their desks three months at a time. Mr. Bryan returned to Washington yesterday and will leave again on Saturday to deliver a lecture before the Presbyterian assembly at Winona, Ind.

FLEEING IN TAXICAB,  
ESCAPED ARREST

Mrs. Pankhurst Got Away But Her Militant  
Companion Was Arrested,  
a Free Fight Being Precipitated.

London, July 15.—Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, the leader of the suffragettes, made her escape from the police yesterday under exciting circumstances. With Miss Annie Kenney, one of the most ardent of the militants, she appeared yesterday afternoon at a meeting of the Women's Social and Political Union.

Both women, although they were suffering severely from the effects of their recent hunger strike in prison, delivered stirring addresses. Mrs. Pankhurst announced she would rather die than submit to the government. "My challenge to the government is, 'Give me freedom or kill me,'" she said.

Miss Kenney sustained off two of her licenses under the "cat and mouse" act for \$30 each.

The police undertook to arrest Mrs. Pankhurst and Miss Kenney. Mrs. Pankhurst fled from the building, making her escape in a taxicab. She was pursued, but so wild were the scenes of disorder outside the pavilion that she got away in the confusion. Late last night she was at her apartment in Westminster, and the police made no further attempt to place her under arrest. The fact that three other women were arrested led to the belief that one of them was Mrs. Pankhurst.

The attempt to arrest Miss Kenney precipitated a free fight, in which well-dressed men and women engaged in hand-to-hand fighting with the police. Umbrellas and sticks were freely used. The police succeeded in forcing Miss Kenney into an automobile and drove her to Holloway jail.

Sylvia Pankhurst, who was released Sunday night from Holloway jail because of her hunger strike, courted arrest by addressing a meeting of militants at Bromley last night. She said she intended to disregard the terms of the license and openly defy the government on every possible occasion.

Much surprise was occasioned among the suffragettes that no attempt was made to arrest her.

GERMAN SHIPYARD  
STRIKE GROWING

Over 20,000 Workmen Are Reported To  
Be Out Now in Hamburg, Strike  
Having Been Declared Yesterday.

Hamburg, Germany, July 15.—The strike declared by the workmen in the ship-building yards here yesterday was extended to-day to other trades. It is estimated that over 20,000 men are out.

## WATER DAMAGE HEAVY.

In Fire Which Came To Rochester News-  
paper Plant.

Rochester, N. Y., July 15.—Fire and water did approximately \$100,000 damage to the plant of the Union and Advertiser, an afternoon newspaper, late yesterday afternoon. The fire originated on the sixth floor and water from eight lines poured through the building. A \$45,000 newspaper press, installed about a week ago, was covered by firemen with rubber blankets and it is not thought that it was badly damaged. On two sides of the building are alleys and the firemen had to work largely from fire escapes, since only one extension ladder could be used. Water did more damage than the fire.

## SUBSTITUTE FOR "SCHEDULE K."

Republicans Submit Sharp Downward  
Revision of Wool Duties.

Washington, July 15.—Lower than any previous Republican estimate of what wool duties should be was Senator Smoot's proposed substitute for schedule K, introduced yesterday on behalf of the "regular" element in the party.

Virtually adopting the recommendations of the Tariff Commission of last year, the Smoot bill was a very sharp revision downward from the existing Payne-Aldrich rates, much lower than the Penrose schedule of last summer.

Raw wool, made duty free in the Democratic bill, is graded into three classes by Smoot and assessed at from 7 to 16 cents a pound.

## POWDER SECRET RETAINED.

French Request for Inspection of Our  
Ammunition Plants Refused.

Washington, July 15.—Secretary Garrison has declined a request of the French government for permission to have some of its ordnance officers inspect the processes of American powder manufacture. The original request covers not only the governmental factories, but the great private corporations which make the large part of the smokeless powder consumed by the government. The secretary's declination as to the government factories was based upon the lack of reciprocity on the part of the French government, which has declined to allow American ordnance officers to examine French ordnance factories.

## COULD SAVE A MILLION.

Secretary Daniels Advocates Govern-  
ment Owned Armor Plate Factory.

Washington, July 15.—Naval experts' figures showing a government armor plate factory costing \$8,400,000 would save \$140 a ton on armor, or more than \$1,000,000 net yearly, were submitted to Congress yesterday by Secretary Daniels.

The secretary's report advocates a government-owned armor plate factory.

## SENATORS' TARIFF SPEECHES.

Cummins' Talk to Last Two Days, La  
Follette's Several.

Washington, July 15.—Senator Cummins of Iowa will address the Senate this week on the tariff. He will probably speak two days. Senator La Follette of Wisconsin said yesterday that he had not planned a week of speech making. He admits that he will talk several days. He has a complete plan of tariff revision of his own.

DIRECT VOTE  
FOR SENATOR

First Election Since Ratifi-  
cation of Seventeenth  
Amendment

GEORGIA HOLDING  
THE ELECTION

Senator Bacon Is Unopposed  
to Re-election To-  
day

Atlanta, Ga., July 15.—The first election of a United States senator by the direct vote of the people is being held in Georgia today, when a successor to Senator Augustus O. Bacon is to be chosen under the provisions of the newly ratified seventeenth amendment to the federal constitution. Senator Bacon is unopposed for re-election.

Senator Bacon already has served three terms in the Senate, having been first elected in 1894, re-elected in 1900 and again in 1907. By a general state primary he was renominated for election to the term expiring March 3, 1919. Senator Bacon is 73 years of age and is a Democrat in politics.

## FORMER VERMONT DEAD.

Edwin A. Wilcox Was Long in the Dry  
Goods Business in Boston.

Boston, July 15.—Edwin A. Wilcox, connected with the dry goods trade in Boston for nearly fifty years, died yesterday, after a long illness. He was born Feb. 2, 1840, at Westminister, Vt. He attended St. Johnsbury academy three years and from 1855 to 1861 was in his uncle's store at Newbury, Vt.

At the opening of the Civil war he enlisted in the 1st Vermont regiment. When that regiment was mustered out, at the end of three months, he soon enlisted again, this time as quartermaster sergeant of the 4th Vermont regiment. In September, 1862, he was discharged for disability and never completely recovered his health.

Coming to Boston in 1863, he entered the employ of Stone, Wood & Co. Later, from 1868 to 1881, he was a commercial traveler for Jackson, Mandell & Daniel. He then engaged in the commission business and became the selling agent of the Merrimack Woolen mills and the Griswoldville Manufacturing Co., having his office at 67 Chauncy street for twenty-five years.

For many years his home was in Glen street, Somerville, with his mother and sister, but for the last two years he has been cared for at the Convallescent Home in Chestnut street, Winchester, where he died.

## DRIVEN TO BIGAMY.

Defense of Man in Boston Court—First  
Wife Naggd Him.

Boston, July 15.—After sentencing Victor N. Smoot, a son of ex-Senate Senator Thomas Smoot of Texas, to three years at the house of correction for bigamy, in the superior court yesterday afternoon Judge Quinn, upon reading a letter from the parents of the young man to him, revoked the sentence and continued the case until Thursday. Mrs. Jane Smoot, his first wife, who took the stand and told Judge Quinn that she was responsible for the troubles of Victor, as she had not been a good wife to him, grew hysterical as her husband was led away after the three years' sentence had been pronounced, and had to be carried from the courtroom.

Later, when Judge Quinn decided to revoke the sentence, he sent an officer to tell Mrs. Smoot.

When asked if he had anything to say about his sentence, after pleading guilty, Smoot jumped to his feet and declared that his first wife, who had now had him arrested, had driven him to breaking the law by cruel treatment and her ferocious displays of temper.

"I never meant to break the laws of my country, judge," he said, "but I guess that my head and heart ran away with me when I met Miss Campbell, whom I married less than a month ago, and who is all that a man with ideals about womankind could ask for."

## \$25,000 FOR BALL PLAYER.

Highest Price Known Paid for Chappelle  
of Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, Wis., July 15.—After persistent denials that Outfielder Chappelle had been sold to the Chicago American league team, the Milwaukee management confirmed last night the reports of the sale and announced Chappelle had brought \$15,000 in cash in addition to Outfielder Beal and a catcher yet to be chosen. Outfielder Beal is valued at about \$1,000 by the Milwaukee management.

The catcher, who will come as the final portion of the price has not yet been agreed upon, the specification being that Milwaukee can have a catcher when needed and that he must be fully acceptable to the Milwaukee club. This would make the price of Chappelle equivalent to about \$25,000, the highest price ever paid for a single ball player.

## STRICKEN WHILE AT HIS DINNER.

James A. Houghton of Claremont Be-  
comes Unconscious and Dies Soon.

Claremont, N. H., July 15.—James A. Houghton died of heart disease yesterday afternoon at the home of A. R. Stowell on the Old Newport road. He was shingling the house in the morning, and at noon he complained of being ill. At the dinner table he became unconscious and died a few moments after. He was fifty years old and resided on Fairview. The funeral will be held from the Methodist church Thursday at 2:30 p. m. The local order of Moose, of which he was a member, will attend the services.

WINDING UP WILL CASE.  
Lawyers Are Arguing in Addison County  
Court.

Middlebury, July 15.—Work was resumed in Addison county court at 2 o'clock Monday afternoon after a recess since 5 o'clock Friday. With the resumption of the work began the fourth week of the Columbus Smith will trial. The available testimony was all in before adjournment was taken Friday and no additional testimony was offered yesterday. James B. Donaway of Middlebury began with the opening argument to the jury for the proponents and used up half of the afternoon session. He was followed after the recess by H. W. Blake of Gardner, Mass., in the opening plea for the contestants. This morning, R. M. Simmonds of St. Johnsbury closed the argument for the contestants and was followed by W. B. Stickney of Rutland, who made the concluding plea for the proponents. Judge Taylor may not give the charge to the jury until Wednesday forenoon.

## BURIAL IN BARRE CEMETERY.

Austin L. Skinner Died in Chelsea Sun-  
day of Heart Disease.

The body of Austin L. Skinner, who died at Chelsea Sunday morning of organic disease of the heart, was brought to Barre this afternoon for burial in Hope cemetery. The funeral was held at his late home in Chelsea at 9 o'clock this morning. Rev. J. A. Lawrence officiating and the G. A. R. service being performed under the direction of Commander M. O. Coleman. The bearers were four past commanders of camp No. 28, Sons of Veterans, of Chelsea, and were as follows: H. O. Bixby, E. G. Reed, W. H. Reed and L. N. Lucas.

Mr. Skinner was a member of Waterson post, No. 45, G. A. R., of Chelsea, of which he had served as quartermaster for many years. He was a veteran of Co. B, 2d Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteers. He was aged seventy-seven years, seven months and fourteen days. The surviving relatives are the widow, who resides in Chelsea, and three sons, Adelbert, Bert and Dan Skinner, all of whom are located in California.

## POISONING GRASSHOPPERS.

Kansas Farmers Devote Day To System-  
atic War on Plague.

Dodge City, Kan., July 15.—At least 100 farmers in Ford, Grey, Edwards and Pawnee counties of western Kansas joined yesterday in spreading tons of poisoned bran mash over the fields in an effort to check the ravages of grasshoppers that in the last three weeks have done thousands of dollars of damage to young trees, alfalfa, corn, and other crops.

The work was organized by counties and yesterday set apart as "grasshopper day" through the efforts of the combined county commissions and Gov. Hodges. The commissioners distributed the poison to the farmers free.

The insects devour the preparation with avidity. Its effects are slow, but it is said to kill every hopper that eats it. The dead hoppers are eaten by their fellows, who are in turn poisoned.

## LEAVES RUTLAND R. R.

F. C. Cleaver Resigns as Superintendent  
of Motive Power.

Rutland, July 15.—F. C. Cleaver has resigned as superintendent of motive power for the Rutland railroad, the resignation being effective to-day. Mr. Cleaver will take a rest for some time. His successor is Hugh Montgomery, formerly superintendent of motive power for the Bangor & Aroostook railroad. Mr. Cleaver has been associated with the Rutland railroad with office in this city for about ten years. He was formerly superintendent of motive power for the Wisconsin Central railroad.

## BURIAL AT BROOKFIELD.

Short Funeral Service for Cassius Peck  
Held at Burlington.

Burlington, July 15.—The funeral of Cassius Peck was held yesterday at nine o'clock at his late home. The Rev. L. C. Smart officiated. The bearers were Elias Lyman, C. P. Smith, Edmund C. Mower, Prof. G. P. Burns, Dr. F. A. Rich and J. K. Peck. The body was taken to Brookfield on the 10:52 train for the interment. A service was held there at 2:30 o'clock at the Central Congregational church.

## SERVIA READY FOR PEACE.

But Wants To Treat With Bulgarians  
Armed With Full Power.

Belgrade, Servia, July 15.—The report that Serbia refuses to enter peace with Bulgaria is without foundation. She is waiting only the arrival of persons armed with full powers from Bulgaria to open the peace preliminaries.

## AGREE TO NEWLANDS BILL.

The House Judiciary Committee Would  
Amend Erdman Act.

Washington, D. C., July 15.—The House judiciary committee to-day agreed to the Newlands bill for amending the Erdman act in a manner satisfactory to the railroads and their employees.

## FIRE AT SAXTONS RIVER.

A Dyehouse Wiped Out but Cause Is  
Not Known.

Saxtons River, July 15.—The dyehouse connected with the Saxtons River woolen mills was burned yesterday afternoon. It is not known how the fire started, as the plant obtains steam from the main building and there was no fire in the building.

## President Surprised.

Washington, July 15.—President Wilson yesterday expressed surprise that the Senate finance committee had increased duties in the tariff bill on works of art and books. He believes these articles are more of educational use than luxuries. It was indicated that the president would consult senators on the change.

## The Married Woman's Trade.

In the July Woman's Home Companion a subscriber writes a letter in which she says that life is happier when one acquires the difficulty of getting along with people. She quotes the following sentence, taken from a story entitled "Rights" by Juliet Wilbur Tompkins: "You haven't learned the married woman's trade, which is to get along!"

MIDDLE WEST  
IS AGAIN HIT

Great Storm Swept Over  
Indiana and Ohio Early  
This Morning

WIRE SERVICE  
BADLY CRIPPLED

Deluge of Rain Fell and  
Electrical Display Was  
Brilliant

Indianapolis, Ind., July 15.—An electrical storm, accompanied by a downpour of rain, demoralized telephone and telegraph communication throughout Indiana last night and made travel by rail uncertain to-day.

Columbus, O., July 15.—A severe wind, rain and electrical storm raged over western Ohio, in the vicinity of Springfield and Dayton, early this morning. Rain fell in torrents and practically all the wires are down.

Marion, O., July 15.—Hundreds of spectators gathered on the banks of the Muskingum river here late yesterday afternoon to witness high water sights resulting from the cloudburst early yesterday, saw William Kauf and Charles Raschen carried over the Muskingum dam in a rowboat. Raschen was drowned but Kauf was rescued.

## ASK FOR NEW TRIAL.

Of John H. Wrenn, Sentenced to Life  
Imprisonment.

Keene, N. H., July 15.—Counsel for John H. Wrenn, who was found guilty of the murder of J. Stewart Hamilton at Hinsdale, on the night of Feb. 5 last, by a jury which returned the verdict of guilty in the first degree on July 1, have filed motions to set aside the verdict and ask for a new trial in the case. The respondent's bill of exceptions was filed. Wrenn's counsel are Joseph Madden, Roy M. Pickard and John E. Benton.

The motion for setting aside the verdict states the following grounds. Because the verdict is not in accordance with the law and evidence produced, and because the verdict is contrary to the law and evidence, and is against the weight of the evidence. The following reasons were given in the motion for a new trial of the case: That the verdict is not supported by the evidence introduced, but was the result of passion, prejudice and mistake. The motions will be considered by Judges Chamberlain and Pike, who presided at the trial. If the verdict is set aside, a new trial would not be held for several months.

The respondent's bill of exceptions, which was filed with the clerk of the court, L. W. Holmes, at the time of the motions, is for the purpose of taking the case to the supreme court in case the motions are denied by the superior court judges. In case the exceptions are sustained by the supreme court, a new trial might be ordered.

Wrenn is still at the local jail awaiting the action of the judges. He has been sentenced to life imprisonment at state's prison, Concord.

## SENTENCED TO PRISON.

Joseph E. L. Miller, Quarry Owner, of  
East Weymouth, Mass.

Boston, July 15.—Joseph E. L. Miller, about forty years old, of East Weymouth, owner of a saw-faceted granite quarry, was sentenced by Judge Pratt in the Hingham district court yesterday to serve thirty days for operating his automobile while under the influence of liquor. He did not appeal, but, after arranging his business affairs and turning some money over to his family, left for the Plymouth jail by train in the custody of Deputy Sheriff Charles Spring of Hingham.

Not only is Miller the first motorist to go to jail in Plymouth county on an automobile offense, but he is the first defendant in such a case to take a jail sentence without an appeal. Frederick Sylvester, a prominent Hull resident, was given a three months' jail sentence last Friday by Judge Pratt on the same charge, but appealed.

In passing sentence, Judge Pratt emphatically declared he will give jail sentences to all motorists proven guilty of driving their machines while intoxicated. Miller was arrested in Hull two weeks ago by Chief Reynolds and the case continued several times. He is widely known in South shore business circles. His quarry has been a \$5,500 Packard automobile and other buildings in New England and also for the New York subway system.

## ALLEGED AUTO THIEVES.

Pleaded Not Guilty in Court at Port-  
smouth, N. H.

Portsmouth, N. H., July 15.—John Flynn, aged nineteen years, and Frank Ready of the same age, both claiming a residence in Lynn, Mass., were arraigned before Judge Harry Torrey in the district court yesterday afternoon, charged with stealing a \$5,500 Packard automobile owned by Mrs. F. A. Fuller from in front of the Primer Science temple on High street Saturday night. Both entered a plea of not guilty and were bound over in bonds of \$1,000 for their appearance Thursday afternoon. Both young men were recognized later by several people living about High street, as the men who stole the auto.

## Horse Stolen Near Rutland.

Rutland, July 15.—The theft of a mare and a colt from the barns of the Rutland Fire Clay company south of this city was reported yesterday to the sheriff's department. Fred Hood, who was recently discharged by the company, is charged with the theft. A saddle and bridle were taken with the animals into the mountains east of this city where he is said to have traded them with a Mrs. Parker for a chestnut horse, which he rode away. The officers in the surrounding towns have been notified of the theft.

TRADE UNIONISM NOT ENOUGH.  
Fails of Full Accomplishment, Said Ettore  
To Audience in Barre.

Joseph J. Ettore of New York, a member of the general executive board of the Industrial Workers of the World, and a man to whom is credited much of the success of the organized protest against labor conditions in Lawrence last year, told an audience of some 300 people in the opera house last evening that workmen should go farther than they have by trades, that they should band together by industries and that direct action would solve many of the problems which the workers are seeking to solve in gaining better working and living conditions. His two hours' address on "Working Class Unionism vs. Trades Unionism" dealt almost exclusively with the I. W. W. program, its methods of spreading class consciousness and its declaration of hope for the future.

It was Ettore's first appearance in Barre, and while the audience seldom waxed wildly enthusiastic over his remarks, there was a quiet kind of satisfaction evident and most everybody there seemed to be rather favorably impressed with the speaker's manner and address. Gall's band was present and played several selections before and after the speaking. Ettore was introduced by John Giovannitti. Here are some of the contentions which the I. W. W. leader made in the course of his comparisons between trades unionism and the kind of class unionism for which the Industrial Workers profess to stand:

"Every claim which argues that men, women and children who comprise the 30,000,000 laborers in these United States live in a free country to-day is a humbug.

"Capitalism takes a yearly toll of 45,000 lives in America. That is not all, for that number includes only those who die 'accidentally.' Stonecutters who die of tuberculosis are not a part of this toll, but they are sacrificed on the altar of capitalism and it is not the fault of the present system that they die slowly.

"Capitalism is an organized system of robbery and debauchery. Its crimes number baby poisoning, for babies are fed on patent medicines that are poisoned to make dividends for the druggists.

"Workers are divided into two elements. There is the unconscious camp in which the workmen band together in trades unions. The idea is fundamentally wrong. Then there is the conscious camp, wherein the workers are organized as a class and by given industries. In this conception of unionism lies the hope of every worker.

"There should be no contracts with the bosses. It is the employers' class that repudiates the signed contract and leaves the worker without the opportunity for direct action.

"The workman has no country. He has only his union organization; without it he is stripped of any weapon with which to combat capitalism.

"May labor expect any quarter from capitalism? You have only to look to the recent insurance investigations, to remember the Triangle shirt waist factory fire in New York, to recall the Chicago vice investigation, to consider the regulations of Colonel Mulhall.

"We want more unionism. Trades unions limit unity. We are not out for shorter hours and higher wages. We must control the means of production, which rightfully constitute the property of the workers and the workers alone."

## WANTED IN MONTPELIER.

Howard Martin Alleged To Have Failed  
To Support Wife.

Jim Dickey, from the swinging bridge district over in Brookfield, whose alleged indiscretions placed him in a cell at police headquarters last night, came before Judge H. W. Scott in city court this morning and pleaded guilty to an intoxication charge. It was Dickey's first offense and the court let him down easy with the minimum fine and costs of \$4.25. He paid. Dickey was arrested at 6 o'clock last evening by Officer Harry Gamble, who separated the respondent from a team he was driving in a rather careless manner up and down Main street.

This forenoon Chief of Police John Durkee of Montpelier furnished police headquarters with a warrant issued from Montpelier city court asking that one Howard Martin, known locally, it is said, as a chauffeur, be apprehended for non-support. Martin was arrested by Officer Harry Gamble and turned over to Chief Durkee later in the forenoon. The respondent will likely be arraigned in Montpelier. Martin's wife is said to be confined at the Heaton hospital. Complaint in the case was made by City Grand Juror Fred E. Gleason of Montpelier.

Acting on the recommendation of City Physician Dr. J. W. Stewart and other doctors, an officer from police headquarters and Overseer of the Poor W. F. Shepard left to-day for Waterbury with Rodney L. Mills of 50 Elm street, who will be committed to the state hospital for observation. Attention had been called to Mills' case through his presence on the street, where he vended popcorn and peanuts from a stand usually located at the northwest corner of the park. The stand was usually surrounded by a small swarm of children, but Mills had a little wooden man who worked automatically in the peanut department and the inference is that most of them gathered to watch the little man perform, rather than to buy popcorn, etc. The business did not prosper, evidently, and within a week, the aldermanic charity committee, as well as the police and city physician were asked to investigate Mills' case.

An examination yesterday led the authorities to order the man committed to observation. A hearing in his case will be held in probate court at the expiration of the observation period.

Pending the action of the aldermanic police committee, Officer George K. Carle, one of the regulars at police headquarters, is under suspension as the result, it is said, of the escape of one Ernest Grace from the station Sunday morning. Officer Carle was suspended later that day by Chief of Police Sinclair, it is stated, until the police committee should hold a hearing in the matter. The police committee met last night and adjourned until this evening, when Officer Carle will be present, it is said, to give his side of the case. While the officer was speaking with Alderman Dawson at the Prospect street entrance to police headquarters Sunday morning, Grace, who had been left at large in one of the rear corridors, escaped through a window in the chief's office. Grace, however, returned Monday morning.

DENY THREAT  
OF WALKOUT

Railroad Officials at  
St. Albans Take Excep-  
tions to Report

NEGOTIATIONS ON  
FRIENDLY BASIS

Central Vermont Engineers  
Ask for Increased  
Wages

St. Albans, July 15.—L. G. Griffing, assistant grand chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, and E. A. Ball, one of the head officials of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Engineers, who are in the city negotiating for increased wages for the engineers of the Central Vermont R. R., this morning denied they had made the statement that there is danger of a walkout of the engineers and firemen on the Central Vermont unless an increase of twenty per cent. in wages is granted.

This morning Messrs. Griffing and Ball sent a telegram to the Boston Post, taking exceptions to such report as coming from them, as they said no such information had been given out by them. Neither were they aware of a William Lemenhan, who was reported to represent the brotherhood.

The union officials added that the negotiations now being made with the Central Vermont are on a friendly basis.

## COME BACK TO REPORT.

Presidents Lee and Garretson of the  
Trainmen and Conductors.